



DE Early Learning Foundations: Infant/Toddler Alignment with

Learn Every Day: The Program for Infants, Toddlers, and Twos

*The Learn Every Day: Program for Infants, Toddlers, and Twos supportive resources, units, lessons, and learning objectives are examples of how the curriculum meets the Delaware standards, as is not intended to be an all -inclusive list.

SOCIAL EMOTIONAL YOUNG INFANT (0-6 MONTHS)		
	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Self-Awareness (recognition of self as separate person	SE1 Express feelings, emotions, and needs in a responsive environmentSE2 Discover own bodySE3 Recognize and respond to name	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Social and Emotional Development; page 202

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with strengths and	SE4 Begin to develop	LED Vol 1: I Need a Hug! Social Skills for Life;
needs, likes and	independence	page 235
dislikes)	SES Begin to develop a sense of	LED Vol 1: Encouraging Social Skills in Infants
	accomplishment	with Special Needs; page 238
		Ah, Boo! Page242: To begin responding to familiar voices
		Baby Faces Book, page 243: To develop recognition
		of body parts
		High or Low! Page 245: To develop security with familiar voices
		Watch the Light Show! Page 247: To nurture a
		sense of security and bonding
		When Will the Kisses Come? Page 247: To
		recognize familiar voices
		You Are Special, page 248: To build self-esteem
		and a sense of accomplishment
Self-Regulation	SE6 Begin to develop calming and coping	LED Foundations: Social and Emotional
(ability to comfort	skills	Development; page 202
self and manage		
emotions)	SE7 Develop self-control	
	SL7 Developsen-control	LED Vol 1: I Need a Hug! Social Skills for Life;
		page 235
		LED Vol 1: Encouraging Social Skills in Infants
		with Special Needs; page 238
		Daydream Believer, page 66: To feel secure during periods of rest

		 Communicating with the Baby, page 89: To build a sense of security that physical needs will be met by a caring adult Follow-the Leader Sounds, page 90: To build security by enjoying social interactions Humming and Body Contact, page 173: To feel comfortable and safe in her surroundings Soothing Music, page 176: To learn self-regulation and how to relax when stimulated with music Falling in Love, page 244: To build a sense of trust and security High or Low! Page 245: To develop security with familiar voices Nurturing Rituals, page 246: To help the child feel secure Rock the Baby, page 246: To simulate the vestibular system Watch the Light Show! Page 247: To nurture a
Attachments/	SE8 Express feelings through facial expressions,	sense of security and bondingLED Foundations:Social and Emotional
Social Relationships	gestures and sound	Development; page 202
(connections between child and other people)	SE9 Build a trusting relationship with a caring adult	LED Vol 1: I Need a Hug! Social Skills for Life; page 235
	SE10 Engage with other childrenSE11 Respond to emotions of others	LED Vol 1: Encouraging Social Skills in Infants with Special Needs; page 238

Hello, page 68: To develop a secure attachment with
adults
Snuggle Buggle, I Love You, page 69: To promote
bonding and attachment
Who Am I? Page 70: To foster a sense of attachment
Baby Boop, page 242: To begin to develop social
interaction skills
Baby Faces Book, page 243: To distinguish facial
expressions
Make a Funny Face, page 245: To encourage
communication, such as a gurgle, coo, or squeal

SOCIAL EMOTIONAL OLDER INFANTS (6-12 MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Self-Awareness (recognition of self as separate person with strengths and needs, likes and dislikes)	SE1 Express feelings, emotions and needs in a responsive environmentSE2 Discover own bodySE3 Recognize and respond to nameSE4 Begin to develop independenceSE5 Begin to develop a sense of accomplishment	 LED Foundations: Social and Emotional Development; page 202 LED Vol 1: I Need a Hug! Social Skills for Life; page 235 LED Vol 1: Encouraging Social Skills in Infants with Special Needs; page 238
		Peek-a-boo, page 74: To foster a sense of

		 independence when the child hides The Body Chant, page 95: To begin to identify body parts Where Is It? Page 99: To begin to recognize body parts Where's Teddy? Page 99: To develop name
		recognition Picture Wall, page 102: To recognize names based on pictures Pointing, page 103: To develop body part recognition Where's Your Nose? Page 105: To develop an
		understanding of vocabulary related to body parts
Self-Regulation (ability to comfort self and manage	SE6 Begin to develop calming and coping skills SE7 Developself-control	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Social and Emotional Development; page 202
emotions)		LED Vol 1: I Need a Hug! Social Skills for Life; page 235 LED Vol 1: Encouraging Social Skills in Infants with Special Needs; page 238
		 Stacking Cups, page 165: To enjoy independent play Teething Toy Collection, page 215: To provide comfort when teething My Time, page 250: To build self-esteem and a sense of security

		 Social Rituals, page 251: To understand how to initiate positive interactions with others Stress Busters, page 251: To minimize stress Who's Here? Page 251: To build bonding with
		parents and caregivers
Attachments/ Social Relationships (connections	SE8 Express feelings through facial expressions, gestures, and sound SE9 Build a trusting relationship with a caring adult	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Social and Emotional Development; page 202
between child and other people)	SE10 Engage with other children SE1Respond to emotions of others	LED Vol 1: I Need a Hug! Social Skills for Life; page 235 LED Vol 1: Encouraging Social Skills in Infants with Special Needs; page 238
		 Hide the Teddy, page 73: To build language and social interaction skills Family Pictures, page 77: To build the child's sense of belonging Roll Behind the Chair, page 80: To have fun when involved in a social game Help Me Pack, page 100: To enjoy social interactions with each other Gotcha! Page 249: To build anticipation for enjoyable social interactions Personal Clapping Game, page 250: To anticipate positive social interactions with an adult Social Rituals, page 251: To practice social greetings

Who's Here? Page 251: To build bonding with
parents and caregivers
Class Photo Book, page 253: To develop a sense of
affiliation with the group
Silly Antics, page 255: To express emotions
Transitional Photos, page 256: To build a sense of
belonging
Who's Here Magnets, page 256: To learn names of
other children in the center
Hand Puppets, page 285: To build social skills

SOCIAL EMOTIONAL YOUNG TODDLER (12-24 MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Self-Awareness (recognition of self asseparate person with strengths and needs,likes and dislikes)	SE1 Express feelings, emotions and needs in a responsive environment SE2 Discover own body SE3 Recognize and respond to name SE4 Begin to develop independence SE5 Begin to develop a sense of accomplishment	LED Foundations: Social and Emotional Development; page 202 LED Vol 2: Making Friends-Social Skills for Life; page 275 LED Vol 2: Encouraging Social Skills in Toddlers and Twos with special Needs; page 277

		 All around the Town, page 280: To develop social- emotional awareness Feelings, page 282: To develop an awareness of different emotions Finger paint Happy Faces, page 283: To develop an
		awareness of different emotions Hand Puppets, page 285: To build social skills
		 Part of the Community, page 291: To develop a sense of trust and belonging Rock-a-Bye Baby, page 292: To develop spatial-temporal reasoning
		Working Together, page 296: To develop a healthy self-concept
		Turning on Lights, page 296: To develop a sense of independence
Self-Regulation (ability to comfort self and manage	SE6 Begin to develop calming and coping skills SE7 Developself-control	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Social and Emotional Development; page 202
emotions)		LED Vol 2 : Making Friends-Social Skills for Life;
		page 275 LED Vol 2 : Encouraging Social Skills in Toddlers and Twos with special Needs; page 277
		Baby Basketball, page 52: To learn games with simple rulesBehind the Flap, page 53: To promote an awareness

Attachments/	SE8 Express feelings through facial expressions,	 of doing things more than one way Here Are My Hands, page 57: To practice following directions If you're Happy and You Know It, page 90: To learn to express emotions through language Washing Fun, page 274: To develop listening skills Feelings, page 282: To develop an awareness of different emotions Push the Trucks, page 291: To practice cooperation and sharing Rock-a-Bye Baby, page 292: To develop a sense of trust
Social Relationships (connections between child and other people)	SE8 Express reenings through factor expressions, gestures and sound SE9 Build a trusting relationship with a caring adult SE10 Engage with other children SE11Respond to emotions of others	LED Vol 2: Making Friends-Social Skills for Life; page 275 LED Vol 2: Encouraging Social Skills in Toddlers and Twos with special Needs; page 277
		 Artistry, page 133: To begin understanding of reciprocity Community Drum, page 166: To encourage emerging social skills Musical Tuffets, page 174: To encourage cooperation Animal Slippers, page 213: To encourage dramatic

play
You do and I Do, page 222: To become aware of
turn taking
Bath Time for Dolly, page 227: To engage in
dramatic play
Inside-Out Day, page 262: To encourage dramatic
play
London Bridge is Falling Down, page 264: To
develop social skills

SOCIAL EMOTIONAL OLDER TODDLER (24-36 MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Self-Awareness (recognition of self as separate person with strengths and needs, likes and dislikes)	SE1 Express feelings, emotions and needs in a responsive environment SE2 Discover own body SE3 Recognize and respond to name SE4 Begin to develop independence SES Begin to develop a sense of accomplishment	LED Foundations: Social and Emotional Development; page 202 LED Vol 2: Making Friends-Social Skills for Life; page 275 LED Vol 2: Encouraging Social Skills in Toddlers and Twos with special Needs; page 277 Working Together, page 296: To develop a healthy self-concept

		Turning on Lights, page 296: To develop a sense of
		independence
		Colorful Handprints, page 308: To develop
		vocabulary
		Two Hands, One Heart, page 334: To learn about
		the body
		Fun with Drums, page 354: To enjoy music
		My Tail, page 392: To engage in dramatic play
Self-Regulation	SE6 Begin to develop calming and coping	LED Foundations: Social and Emotional
(ability to	skills	Development; page 202
comfort self and	SE7 Developself-control	
manage		
emotions)		LED Vol 2: Making Friends-Social Skills for Life;
		page 275
		LED Vol 2: Encouraging Social Skills in Toddlers
		and Twos with special Needs; page 277
		You do and I Do, page 222: To become aware of
		turn taking
		Washing Fun, page 274: To develop listening skills
		Feelings, page 282: To develop an awareness of
		different emotions
		Push the Trucks, page 291: To practice cooperation
		and sharing
		Animal Sounds, pagea317: To develop listening
		skills
		Good Morning! Hello! Page 319: To develop
		listening skills

		Hoop Shapes Game, page 348: To practice waiting
		and taking turns
		Flower Gazing, page 363: To develop an
		appreciation of flowers
Attachment&/	SES Express feelings through facial	LED Foundations: Social and Emotional
Social Relationships (connections between child and other people)	expressions, gestures and sound SE 9 Build a trusting relationship with a caring adult SE10 Engage with otherchildren SE11Respond to emotions of others	Development; page 202 LED Vol 2: Making Friends-Social Skills for Life; page 275 LED Vol 2: Encouraging Social Skills in Toddlers and Twos with special Needs; page 277
		 Bath Time for Dolly, page 227: To engage in dramatic play Inside-Out Day, page 262: To encourage dramatic play Color Game, page 300: To experience social interactions Cooking with Numbers, page 337: To develop social skills In the Kitchen, page 356: To engage in dramatic play Trash, Trash Everywhere, page 366: To develop social skills The Greenhouse, page 371: To develop social skills Animal Safari, page 387: To participate in dramatic play

L	ANGUAGE AND LITERATURE YOUN	IG INFANT (0-6 MONTHS)
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Receptive Language (listening and understanding)	LL1 Show interest in sounds LL2 Show interest in language of others LL3 Begin to understand gestures, words, routines, communication LL4 Respond to communication of others	LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180LED Vol 1: Talk To Me! Communication and Language Skills, page 81 LED Vol 1: Communication Issues in Infants with Developmental Delays, page 84Always Talking, page 87: To build receptive language Baby Talk, page 88: To develop auditory discrimination skills when hearing a variety of tones, pitches, and sounds Communicating with the Baby, page 89: To simulate awareness of sounds Coo and Squeal, page 89: To practice hearing the sound of his own voiceWe Are the World, page 93: To expose infants to sounds not characteristic of their native language

Expressive Language (communicating and speaking)	LLS Use sounds, gestures or actions to communicate wants and needs LL6 Imitate sounds, words, signs, facial expressions, and gestures LL7 Communicate using words, sounds, and/or signs leading to communicating using phrases and short sentences LL8 Use sounds, words or signs for a variety of purposes, including expressing emotions and physical states LL9 Engage in turn-taking back- and- forth exchanges leading to conversation	 We Are the World, page 93: To expose infants to sounds not characteristic of their native language Humming and Body Contact, page 173: To respond to a comforting voice Swinging, page 177: To build listening skills <i>LED Foundations: Language and Communication;</i> page 180 LED Vol 1: Talk To Me! Communication and Language Skills, page 81 LED Vol 1: Communication Issues in Infants with Developmental Delays, page 84 Babbling, page 87: To encourage babbling Coo and Squeal, page 89: To develop self-expression through a gurgle, coo, or squeal Follow-the Leader Sounds, page 90: To practice language skills and use sounds to interact with someone else Mouth Sounds, page 91: To introduce reciprocity in conversations Talking Together, page 93: To further develop oral language skills High or Low! Page 245: To develop auditory perception skills <i>LED Foundations: Language and Communication;</i>
(the foundations of	stories, and songs	page 180
reading)	LL11 Actively participate and show	

	appreciation for book reading, story sharing and singing LL12 Interact with books	LED Vol 1: Change My Life by Turning a Page; page 107
	appropriately	LED Vol 1: Literacy Development in Infants; page 110
		LED Vol 1: Book List for Infants; page113
		LED Vol 1: Literacy Adaptations for Infants with
		Special Needs, page 114
		Book Look, page 116: To familiarize an infant with books
		Chants and Rhyme, page 116: To familiarize and infant with the sounds of language
		Happy, Silly Sounds Are All Around! Page 116:
		To enable the infant to become familiar with the
		sounds that compose words Learning Words, page 117: To introduce new
		words
		Loud and Soft, page 118: To build early listening
		skills Sing! Sing! Sing! Page 116: To build early listening
		skills
		A Touching Game, page209: To lay the foundation
		for understanding left and right, a key component of
		learning how to read
Emergent Writing	LL13 Use and experiment with different	LED Foundations: Language and Communication;
(the beginnings of writing)	writingmaterials	page 180
	LL14 Notice and show interest in signs and words in the classroom	LED Vol 1: Change My Life by Turning a Page;

environment	page 107
	LED Vol 1: Literacy Development in Infants; page
	110
	LED Vol 1: Book List for Infants; page113
	LED Vol 1: Literacy Adaptations for Infants with
	Special Needs, page 114
	Follow the Bee; page 67: To be exposed to the
	concept of eye-hand coordination
	Eye Follow-Ups, page147: To practice eye-hand
	coordination
	Funny Booties, page 149: To grasp or reach for
	objects of interest
	Napkin Tent, page 150: To encourage reflexive
	grasping
	Prone Play, page 151: To practice grasping an object
	Satin Streamers, page152: To practice grasping and
	object when it is placed in the hand
	Dancing Lights, page 207: To recognize and track
	visual patterns
	Floating Bubbles, page 207: To track movements
	visually

LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE OLDER INFANTS (6-12 MONTHS)

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SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Receptive Language (listening and understanding)	LL1 Show interest in sounds LL2 Show interest in language of others LL3 Begin to understand gestures, words, routines, communication LL4 Respond to communication of others	LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180LED Vol 1: Talk To Me! Communication and Language Skills, page 81LED Vol 1: Communication Issues in Infants with Developmental Delays, page 84Listening Fun, page 97: To encourage listening Where's Teddy? Page 99: To develop name recognitionRepeat the Words, page 103: To broaden the understanding of words in contextRhyming Names, page 104: To hear rhymes used in everyday languageEnvironmental Sounds, page 180: To build listening skillsLive in Concert, page 180: To build auditory memory skillsPut Your Finger in the Air, page 181: To develop listening skillsMorning Greeting, page 185: To increase awareness of soundsDrum Up Some Fun, page 212: To develop listening skills

Expressive Language (communicating and speaking)	 LL5 Use sounds, gestures, or actions to communicate wants and needs LL6 Imitate sounds, words, signs, facial expressions and gestures LL7 Communicate using words, sounds, and/or signs leading to communicating using phrases and short sentences LLB Use sounds, words or signs for a variety of purposes, including expressing emotions and physical states LL9 Engage in turn-taking back-and- forth exchanges leading to conversation 	 LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180 LED Vol 1: Talk To Me! Communication and Language Skills, page 81 LED Vol 1: Communication Issues in Infants with Developmental Delays, page 84 Infant Cues, page 96: To develop language by consistently responding to verbal cues Name Games, page 101: To build vocabulary Talk on the Phone, page 105: To expand the use of jargon talk Where's Your Nose? Page 105: To develop an understanding of vocabulary related to body parts Na, Na, Na, Na, Na, Na, page 186: To increase language development This Is the Father, page 187: To build language skills Cellophane in Embroidery Hoop, page 211: To build language skills as the child hears the names for the colors Make a Funny Face, page 245: To encourage communication, such as a gurgle, coo, or squeal
		communication, such as a gurgle, coo, or squeal
		Social Rituals, page 251: To practice social greetings
Emergent	LL10 Show interest in rhymes, books,	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Language and Communication;
Literacy	stories, and songs	page 180
(the foundations of	LL11 Actively participate and show	

reading)	appreciation for book reading, story sharing and singing	LED Vol 1: Talk To Me! Communication and
	LL12 Interact with books	Language Skills, page 81
	appropriately	LED Vol 1: Communication Issues in Infants with
		Developmental Delays, page 84
		Fill in the Blanks, page 119: To increase the infant's
		familiarity with books
		My First Book, page 119: to build vocabulary
		My First Book, page 119: To increase the
		understanding of what a book is and how it is used
		Read It Again! Page 120: To experience touching
		new objects
		Read It Again! Page 120: To recognize language
		patterns through repetition of familiar phrases
		Reading Tips, page 120: To build book knowledge
		Reading Tips, page 120: To expand vocabulary
		Rhymes for Reading, page 121: To expose baby to
		how words can be combined to make a rhyme
		Textured Books, page 121: To provide multisensory experiences with texture
		Fill in the Blanks, page 119: To increase the infant's
		familiarity with books
		My First Book, page 119: to build vocabulary
		My First Book, page 119: To increase the
		understanding of what a book is and how it is used
		Read It Again! Page 120: To experience touching
		new objects
		Read It Again! Page 120: To recognize language

		nottomo through non attice of fourthing almost
		patterns through repetition of familiar phrases
		Reading Tips, page 120: To build book knowledge
		Reading Tips, page 120: To expand vocabulary
		Rhymes for Reading, page 121: To expose baby to
		how words can be combined to make a rhyme
		Textured Books, page 121: To provide multisensory
		experiences with texture
Emergent	LL13 Use and experiment with different	LED Foundations: Language and Communication;
Writing (the	writing materials	page 180
beginningsof	LL14 Notice and show interest in signs	
writing)	and words in the classroom	LED Vol 1: Talk To Me! Communication and
	environment	Language Skills, page 81
		LED Vol 1: Communication Issues in Infants with
		Developmental Delays, page 84
		Developmental Delays, page 64
		Chip-Can Scarves, page 72: To gain fine motor
		practice grasping
		Noisy Dumping, page 73: To practice both gross and
		fine motor skills
		Pointing, page 103: To develop fine motor skills
		In and Out, page 154: To introduce the concepts of
		in and out; to practice grasping objects and moving
		them
		Magic Surprise, page 155: To practice grasping
		Nooks and Crannies, page 155: To practice fine
		motor skills
		Rattle Me! Page 156: To practice grasping objects
		Balls, Balls, Balls! Page159: To develop eye

movement
Stacking Cups, page 165: To practice fine motor
skills
Goo Bag, page 212: To experience various textures

LA	NGUAGE AND LITERATURE YOUNG	TODDLER (12-24 MONTHS)
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Receptive Language (listening and understanding)	LL1 Show interest in sounds LL2 Show interest in language of others LL3 Begin to understand gestures, words, routines, communication LL4 Respond to communication of others	 LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180 LED Vol 2: Communication Issues in Toddlers and Twos with Developmental Delays; page 79 LED Vol 2: Change My Life by Turning a Page: Literacy Development; page 80 LED Vol 2: Books for Toddlers and Twos; page 105 LED Vol 2: Tips for Reading and Developing Literacy Concepts with Toddlers and Twos with Special Needs; page 107 Puppy Sounds, page 62: To develop auditory awareness Someone Special, page 67: To develop listening skills Where's the Bunny? Page 75: To develop listening

		skills All about the Picture, page 81: To develop verbal communication skills Copycat Language, page 84: To develop oral language skills The Cow Says, "Moo", page 84: To develop listening skills Hey Diddle Diddle, page 89: To develop listening skills Little Ants, page 92: To develop listening skills Little Piggies, page 93: To develop listening skills Where's the Chick? Page 103: To develop listening skills
Expressive Language (communicating and speaking)	LL5 Use sounds, gestures or actions to communicate wants and needs LL6 Imitate sounds, words, signs, facial expressions and gestures LL7 Communicate using words, sounds, and/or signs leading to communicating using phrases and short sentences LL8 Use sounds, words or signs for a variety of purposes, including expressingemotions and physical states LL9 Engage-in turn-taking back- and-forth exchanges leading to conversation	 LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180 LED Vol 2: Communication Issues in Toddlers and Twos with Developmental Delays; page 79 LED Vol 2: Change My Life by Turning a Page: Literacy Development; page 80 LED Vol 2: Books for Toddlers and Twos; page 105 LED Vol 2: Tips for Reading and Developing Literacy Concepts with Toddlers and Twos with Special Needs; page 107 Someone Special, page 67: To develop oral language Touch the Animals, page70: To develop oral language and vocabulary

		 Twos, page 72: To develop vocabulary What's Under the Sand? Page 74: To develop vocabulary Animal Talk! Page 81: To develop oral language skills Bonjour and Buenos Dias, page 82: To build vocabulary Bonjour and Buenos Dias, page 82: To build vocabulary Bonjour and Buenos Dias, page 82: To build vocabulary Dressing Talk, page 85: To develop vocabulary Everything Can Talk, page 85: To develop language skills Fun with Words, page 86: To develop language skills If you're Happy and You Know It, page 90: To develop vocabulary A Jolly Good Fellow! Page 91: To develop vocabulary London bridge is Falling Down, page 94: To develop vocabulary Pack 'n Go, page 98: To develop vocabulary
Emergent Literacy (the foundations of reading)	LL10 Show interest in rhymes, books, stories, and songs LL11 Actively participate and show appreciation for book reading, story sharing, and singing LL12 Interact with books appropriately	LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180 LED Vol 2: Communication Issues in Toddlers and Twos with Developmental Delays; page 79 LED Vol 2: Change My Life by Turning a Page: Literacy Development; page 80 LED Vol 2: Books for Toddlers and Twos; page 105

	LED Vol 2 : Tips for Reading and Developing
	Literacy Concepts with Toddlers and Twos with
	Special Needs; page 107
	Bee Pictures, page 52: To develop print awareness
	Fun with Words, page 86: To build pre-literacy
	skills
	Magnetic Letters, page 96: to encourage beginning
	letter recognition
	ABC Matching Game, page 110: To develop
	emergent literacy skills
	Book Nook, page 112: To encourage emergent
	literacy skills
	Caps for Sale Block Story, page 113: To encourage
	emergent literacy skills
	Color Shopping, page 113: To develop emergent
	literacy skills
	Cozy Library, page 114: To develop emergent
	literacy skills
	Flap book, page 116: To develop interest in books
	Fun with Picture Cards, page 117: To develop print
	awareness
	Happenings in Our Class, page 118: To encourage
	interests in books
	Fun with Picture Cards, page 117: To develop print
	awareness
	Little Bo Peep, page 119: To develop emergent
	literacy skills
	My Own Word Book, page 121: To encourage

		 emergent literacy skills Reading Buddies, page 122: To encourage interest in books Reading Games, page 122: To develop emergent literacy skills Sequence Cards, page 123: To develop emergent literacy skills Sharing Books, page 124: To encourage interest in books Story Time, page 125: To develop emergent literacy skills
Emergent Writing (the beginnings of writing)	LL13 Use and experiment with different writing materials LL14 Notice and show interestin signs and words in the classroom environment	 LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180 LED Vol 2: Communication Issues in Toddlers and Twos with Developmental Delays; page 79 LED Vol 2: Change My Life by Turning a Page: Literacy Development; page 80 LED Vol 2: Books for Toddlers and Twos; page 105 LED Vol 2: Tips for Reading and Developing Literacy Concepts with Toddlers and Twos with Special Needs; page 107 Brain Clapping, page 54: To develop fine motor skills Graduated Nesting, page 56: To develop fine motor skills Here comes the Ball, page 58: To develop eye-hand coordination

Simple Shape Box, page 66: To practice fine motor
skills
All about the Picture, page 81: To develop fine
motor skills
Magnetic Letters, page 96: To develop fine motor
skills
Munching Mouth, page 98: To develop eye-hand
coordination
Yo-Ho: A-Spying We Go, page 103: To develop
fine motor skills

LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE OLDER TODDLER (24-36 MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Receptive Language (listening and understanding)	LL1 Show interest in sounds LL2 Show interest in language of others LL3 Begin to understand gestures, words, routines, communication LL4 Respond to communication of others	LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180LED Vol 2: Communication Issues in Toddlers and Twos with Developmental Delays; page 79LED Vol 2: Change My Life by Turning a Page: Literacy Development; page 80LED Vol 2: Books for Toddlers and Twos; page 105LED Vol 2: Tips for Reading and Developing Literacy Concepts with Toddlers and Twos with

		Special Needs; page 107
		 Animal Sounds, pagea317: To develop listening skills Good Morning! Hello! Page 319: To develop listening skills Barnyard Buddies, page 321: To develop listening skills Hickery, Tickery, Trick, page 324: To develop listening skills Sock Sort, page 344: To develop listening skills Shape Float, page 359: To develop oral language skills
		 I Like the Ocean, page 372: To develop listening skills Animal Parade, page 381: To develop listening skills Let's Have a Penguin Parade, page 383: To
		 develop listening skills Zoo Animals, page 383: To develop emergent literacy skills Taking Care of My Little Tree, page 374: To develop listening skills Taking Care of My Little Tree, page 374: To develop listening skills
Expressive Language (communicating and speaking)	LL5 Use sounds, gestures, or actions to communicate wants and needs LL6 Imitate sounds, words, signs, facial expressions and gestures	LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180

 LL7 Communicate using words, sounds, and/or signs leading to communicating using phrases and short sentences LL8 Use sound, words or signs for a variety of purposes, including expressing emotions and physical states LL9 Engage in turn taking back and forth exchanges leading to conversation 	LED Vol 2: Communication Issues in Toddlers and Twos with Developmental Delays; page 79 LED Vol 2: Change My Life by Turning a Page: Literacy Development; page 80 LED Vol 2: Books for Toddlers and Twos; page 105 LED Vol 2: Tips for Reading and Developing Literacy Concepts with Toddlers and Twos with Special Needs; page 107
	Building with Color, page 305: To develop orallanguage skillsClass Color Mural, page 306: To developvocabularyColorful Handprints, page 308: To developvocabularyJunk Flowers, page311: To develop vocabularyAnimal Sounds, pagea317: To develop vocabularyFarm Scene, page 322: To develop vocabularyMother-Baby Match, page 327: To developvocabularyGood Morning, Numbers, page 332: To enhanceoral language skillsCooking with Numbers, page 337: To develop orallanguage skillsPurse Full of Number Fun, page 343: To developoral language skillsIn the Kitchen, page 356: To develop vocabularyShape Float, page 359: To develop oral languageskills

		The Greenhouse, page 371: To develop vocabulary
Emergent Literacy (the foundations of reading)	LL10 Show interest in rhymes, books, stories, and songs LL11 Actively participate and show appreciation for book reading, story sharing and singing LL12 Interact with booksappropriately	LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180 LED Vol 2: Communication Issues in Toddlers and Twos with Developmental Delays; page 79 LED Vol 2: Change My Life by Turning a Page: Literacy Development; page 80 LED Vol 2: Tips for Reading and Developing Literacy Concepts with Toddlers and Twos with Special Needs; page 107 Color Pops, page 301: To begin to recognize letters
		 Color Pops, page 301: To begin to recognize letters Colorful Handprints, page 308: To be exposed to print Fishing for Colors, page 309: To begin learning color names Green Fun, page 310: To develop vocabulary Mary Wore Her Red Dress, page 312: To develop emergent literacy skills Shape Float, page 359: To develop oral language skills Zoo Animals, page 383: To develop emergent literacy skills
Emergent Writing (the beginnings of writing)	LL13 Use and experiment with different writing materials LL14 Notice and show interest in signs and words in the classroom environment	LED Foundations: Language and Communication; page 180 LED Vol 2: Communication Issues in Toddlers and

Twos with Developmental Delays; page 79
LED Vol 2 : Change My Life by Turning a Page:
Literacy Development; page 80
LED Vol 2: Books for Toddlers and Twos; page 105
LED Vol 2: Tips for Reading and Developing
Literacy Concepts with Toddlers and Twos with
Special Needs; page 107
Building with Color, page 305: To develop fine
motor skills
Green Fun, page 310: To develop fine motor skills
My favorite Color Collage, page 313: To develop
fine motor skills
Animal Scenes, page 316: To develop fine motor
skills
Buried Treasure, page 336: To develop fine motor
skills
Counting Containers, page338: To develop fine
motor skills
Shape Song, page 350: To develop fine motor skills
Fingers Make the Shapes We See, page 353: To
develop fine motor skills
Gone Fishing, page 355: To develop fine motor
skills
Collage Treasures, page 368: To develop fine motor
skills
Nature Brushes, page372: To develop fine motor
skills
Taking Care of My Little Tree, page 374: To

	develop listening skills

DISCOVERIES YOUNG INFANT (0-6 MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Sensory Awareness (exploration of the physical world and the properties of things)	DS1 Use vision to respond to light and focus on details such as faces, movement and color DS2 Use taste and smell to learn about foods, people and objects DS3 Explore people and objects through touch DS4 Use hearing to gain information about people, places, language, and things DS5 Use all senses to learn about cultures and ways of doing things	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page118LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page147LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing CognitiveSkills, page 59The Blowing Game, page 66: To advancecognitive skills through positive sensoryexperiencesFeel the Sound, page 90: To develop a sense ofawareness of soundAir Stream, page 204: To experience the feel ofmoving airBaby Lotion Hand Massage, page204: Toincrease awareness of the sense of touchBaby Mirror, page 205: To build visual tracking

Spatial Awareness (sense of space and how things fit as people and objects move)	DS6 Discover how their own bodies fit into spaces DS7 Explore how objects can fit intoa variety of spaces as they build, stack, fill, and dump	skillsBouncy Bounce, page 205: To build sensory awarenessChimes, page 206: To differentiate between sounds Crunch It! Page 206: To build listening skills Bouncy Bounce, page 205: To build sensory awarenessChimes, page 206: To differentiate between sounds Crunch It! Page 206: To build listening skills Water Play, page210: To build listening skills Water Play, page210: To build tactile skills Rain on Me, page 226: To encourage sensory exploration Gentle Touch, page 244: To encourage sensory awarenessLED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118
		The Blowing Game, page 66: To develop the baby's awareness of his body parts Left and Right, page 68: To learn awareness of the left and right sides of the body Bouncy Bounce, page 205: To build sensory

		awareness Chimes, page 206: To differentiate between sounds Baby Faces Book, page 243: To develop recognition of body parts
Memory (develops an understanding that people, objects, and events continueto exist when they cannot be seen, object permanence)	DS8 Focus on people in their immediate world DS9 Focus on objects in their immediate world and when they disappear, they no longer exist for the infant DS1O Realize that people and objects that have disappeared still remain in the infant's memory	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page118LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page147LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing CognitiveSkills, page 59Follow the Action, page 67: To help a baby learnto distinguish features on a faceLook into My Eyes, page 69: To promote memorydevelopmentWhere Did It Go? Page 70: To stimulate visionby drawing attention to an objectAlways Talking, page 87: To introduce the soundof a familiar voiceCoo and Squeal, page 89: To practice hearing the sound of his own voiceI Love the Music, page 173: To release neurotransmitters in the brain that activate memoryBaby Faces Book, page 243: To develop recognition of body parts
Cause and Effect	DS11 Realize that a specific action (Ex: cry)	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page

(events and	is caused either through their own body	118
outcomes are	or their own actions	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Cognitive Development; page
caused by	DS12 Recognize that people and specific	147
themselves, other	parts of objects can cause things to	
people, or things)	happen	LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17
	DS13 Use their own body to get what they	
	want or need (Ex:	LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive
	hands for feeding or reaching out, voice	Skills, page 59
	for crying to get attention)	
	DS14 Watch people and see how they	Dangling Beach Toy, page 146: To use large
	can be used to get what they want	muscles to explore cause and effect
	DS15 Use objects as a way to get what	Satin Streamers, page152: To practice grasping
	they want	and object when it is placed in the hand
		Humming and Body Contact, page 173: To feel
		comfortable and safe in her surroundings.
		Moving the Sound, page 174: To develop listening
		skills; to develop tracking skills, both visual and
		auditory
		Play a Soft Musical Instrument, page 175: To
		listen by tracking or locating the source of a sound
		Ah, Boo! Page242: To begin responding to familiar
		voices
Attention and	DS16 Notice and pay attention toobjects	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Approaches to Learning; page
Persistence	and people of interest	118
(attends to tasks	DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests	LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page
and persists with	them	147
activities that		17/
interest them)		
		LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17
		LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive

		Skills, page 59
		 Follow the Action, page 67: To build attention Follow the Bee; page 67: To be exposed to the concept of eye-hand coordination Where Did It Go? Page 70: To stimulate vision by drawing attention to an object Chants and Rhyme, page 116: To familiarize and infant with the sounds of language Eye Follow-Ups, page147: To practice eye-hand coordination Funny Booties, page 149: To grasp or reach for objects of interest
Curiosity and Problem Solving (ability to use experiences to make meaningful connections)	DS18 Explore objects to see how they work, using trial and error to meet challenges DS19 Make connections with people and use what they know from other situations to solve a problem DS20 Try a variety of approaches in problem solving using own body and objects	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147 LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17 LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills, page 59
		 Follow the Action, page 67: To build attention Look into My Eyes, page 69: To promote memory development Where Did It Go? Page 70: To stimulate vision by drawing attention to an object

		 Always Talking, page 87: To introduce the sound of a familiar voice Baby Talk, page 88: To develop auditory discrimination skills when hearing a variety of tones, pitches, and sounds Beginning Bonding, page 88: To build language awareness and encourage communication Coo and Squeal, page 89: To practice hearing the sound of his own voice
Play (engage with real objects in imaginative ways)	 DS21 Play with hands DS22 Imitate and practice what happens in their life as they watch people and events DS23 Use props and people as they engage in make believe play and act out simple themes 	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page118LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page147LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing CognitiveSkills, page 59
		 The Blowing Game, page 66: To encourage social interactions with adults Hello, page 68: To develop a secure attachment with adults Baby Talk, page 88: To develop auditory discrimination skills when hearing a variety of tones, pitches, and sounds Mouth Sounds, page 91: To introduce reciprocity

	in conversations
	Happy, Silly Sounds Are All Around! Page 116:
	To enable the infant to become familiar with the
	sounds that compose words
	Opening Hands, page 151: To interact with others

DISCOVERIES OLDER INFANTS (6-12 MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Sensory Awareness (exploration of the physical world and the properties of things)	 DS1 Use vision to respond to light and focus on details such as faces, movement and color DS2 Use taste and smell to learn about foods, people, and objects DS3 Explore people and objects through touch DS4 Use hearing to gain information about people, places, language, and things DS5 Use all senses to learn about cultures and ways of doing things 	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147 LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17 LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills, page 59 Saucer Spin, page 156: To build sensory awareness

	skillsI Can Feel It, page 217: To build tactile skillsTexture Crawl, page 218: To explore new environmental stimuliWarm and Cold, page 219: To develop tactile skillsExplore a Tree, page 231: To enhance multisensory explorationMessy Painting, page 232: To provide multisensory learning experiencesNew Zoo Revue, page 233: To nurture brain development through sensoryOutside Exploring, page 234: To build cognitive elills through multisensory
(sense of space and how things fit asspacesDS7 Explore how	skills through multisensory explorationow their own bodies fit into <i>LED Foundations:</i> Approaches to Learning; page118w objects can fit into apaces as they build, stack,p
	 LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17 LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills, page 59 Compartments, page 72: To develop awareness of size relationships A Place for the Animals, page 76: To encourage

		Chip-Can Scarves, page 72: To practice the
		 Abracadabra, page 71: To build memory connections in the brain through exploration of a novel object Can you Remember? Page 71: To enable an infant to begin to develop memory skills
Memory (develops an understanding that people, objects, and events continueto exist when they cannot be seen, object permanence)	 DS8 Focus on people in their immediate world and when they disappear, they no longer exist for the infant DS9 Focus on objects in their immediate world and when they disappear, they no longer exist for the infant DS10 Realize that people and objects that have disappeared still remain in the infant's memory 	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147 LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17 LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills, page 59
		 experience with relationships of size and space Napkin Rings, page 78: To explore the concepts of inside and outside Classroom Maze, page 161: To begin to develop cognitive thinking to solve puzzles Fast and Slow Rhythms, page 184: To increase and enhance spatial-temporal reasoning Bursting Bubbles, page 231: To develop perception skills, such as visual memory and visual discrimination

		 concept of object permanence Hide the Teddy, page 73: To reinforce object permanence Remembering, page 74: To develop memory skills Who Is Under the Scarf? Page 75: To develop object permanence A Stroller Game, page 234: To develop memory skills
Cause and Effect (events and outcomes are caused by themselves, other people, orthings)	DS11Realize that a specific action (Ex: cry) is caused either through their own body or their own actions DS12 Recognize that people and specific parts of objects can cause things to happen DS13 Use their own body to getwhat they want or need (Ex: hands for feeding or reaching out, voice for crying to get attention) DS14 Watch people and see how they can be used to get what they want DS15 Use objects as a way to get what they want	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147 LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17 LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills, page 59 Noisy Dumping, page 73: To help develop understanding of cause and effect On and Off, Open and Close, page 78: To begin to understand cause and effect Rattle Me! Page 156: To experience cause and effect Collection of Balls, page 162: To experience cause
		and effect Drum Up Some Fun, page 212: To develop an

Persistence (attends to tasks and persists with activities that interest them) Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image: DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them Image:	 LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 18 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 47 LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17 LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive 5% Abracadabra, page 71: To build memory connections in the brain through exploration of a novel object Chip-Can Scarves, page 72: To practice the oncept of object permanence Hide the Teddy, page 73: To reinforce object permanence Peek-a-boo, page 74: To practice with object permanence Who Is Under the Scarf? Page 75: To experiment

		with different colors and show preferences
		Family Pictures, page 77: To build visual discrimination skills
Curiosity and Problem Solving (ability to use experiences to make meaningful connections)	DS18 Explore objects to see how they work, using trial and error to meet challenges DS19 Make connections with people and use what they know from other situations to solve a problem DS20 Try a variety of approaches in problem solving using own body and objects	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147 LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17 LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills, page 59
		 Who Is Under the Scarf? Page 75: To develop object permanence What Is Under the Material? Page 75: To build curiosity and encourage exploration Hold the Toy, page 77: To problem solve what to do with a toy Classroom Maze, page 161: To begin to develop cognitive thinking to solve puzzles Dish Tub Seats, page 162: To problem solve simple solutions

		 Bell Collection, page 211: To develop problem solving skills Mirror Face, page 249: to experiment with novel objects
Play (engage with real objects in imaginative ways)	DS21 Play with hands, feet, and objects in their immediate world DS22 Imitate and practice what happens in their life as they watch people and events DS23 Use props and people as they engage in make believe play and act out simple themes	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page118LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page147LED Vol 1: Learning Spaces; page 17LED Vol 1: Brain Builders-Developing CognitiveSkills, page 59Hide the Teddy, page 73: To build language andsocial interaction skillsWhat Is Under the Material? Page 75: To buildcuriosity and encourage explorationHold the Toy, page 77: To problem solve what todo with a toyQuite Puzzling, page 79: To enhance neural wiringthrough experiences that begin with simple conceptsand lead to more complex ideasTalk on the Phone, page 105: To experiencepretend playMagic Surprise, page 155: To encourageexploration of a novel itemBatter Up! Page 160: To begin to develop gross

	motor skills
	Mirror Face, page 249: to experiment with novel
	objects

DISCOVERIES OLDER YOUNG TODDLERS (12- 24MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Sensory Awareness (exploration of the physical world and the properties of things)	 DS1 Use vision to respond to light and focus on details such as faces, movement and color DS2 Use taste and smell to learn about foods, people and objects DS3 Explore people and objects through touch DS4 Use hearing to gain information about people, places, language, and things DS5 Use all senses to learnabout cultures and ways of doing things 	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147 LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17 LED Vol 2: Here I Come! Learning Spaces for Young Toddlers; page 22 LED Vol 2: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills; page 48 Feelie Goop, page 138: To experience a tactile activity Fruity Dough, page 142: To explore materials using

		 the sense of smell Play clay Exploration, page 151: To explore and model with clay Tear It Up! Page 210: To develop a sensory experience using a variety of textures Bath Time for Dolly, page 227: To explore sensory experiences Cotton Balls in a Bag, page 228: To explore textures It Feels Sticky, page 230: To explore items using the senses Object Washing, page 235: To explore sensory materials Sandbox Play, page 236: To explore sensory experiences Tape, page 245: To explore a variety of textures Tape, page 245: To explore a variety of textures To explore tactile sensations
Spatial Awareness (sense of space and how things fit as people and objects move)	DS6 Discover how their own bodies fit into spaces DS7 Explore how objects can fit into a variety of spaces as they build, stack, fill, and dump	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147
		LED Vol 2 : Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17

		LED Vol 2: Here I Come! Learning Spaces for Young Toddlers; page 22 LED Vol 2: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills; page 48
		 Baby Basketball, page 52: To cross midline; To explore the concept of size Finger and Toe Copy Game, page 55: To develop an awareness of patterns Graduated Nesting, page 56: To develop awareness of properties of size and space
		 Jar Lid Puzzles, page 58: To develop and awareness of positive and negative space Peek-a-boo Card, page 60: To develop spatial memory Puzzles Fun, page 63: To develop problem-solving skills Tubes Inside Tubes, page 72: To discover relationships of size and space
		Cup Stacking, page 200: To develop spatial reasoning
Memory (develops an understanding	DS8 Focus on people in their immediate world and when they disappear, they no longer exist	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Approaches to Learning; page 118 <i>LED Foundations:</i> Cognitive Development; page

thatpeople, objects, and events continue to exist when they cannot be seen, object permanence)	DS9 Focus on objects in their immediate world and when they disappear, they no longer exist DS10 Realize that people and objects that have disappeared still remain in the toddler'smemory	147 LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17 LED Vol 2: Here I Come! Learning Spaces for Young Toddlers; page 22 LED Vol 2: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills; page 48
		Finger and Toe Copy Game, page 55: To develop a Patterns with Blocks, page 59: To develop an awareness of patterns Peek-a-boo Card, page 60: To develop spatial memory
		Tubes Inside Tubes, page 72: To develop problem- solving skills
		Where's the Bunny? Page 75: To develop an awareness of object permanence
		Flap book, page 116: To develop object permanence Songs and Pictures, page 179: To develop memory through musical activities
		Flaps Galore! Page 202: To develop an awareness of object permanence
		Pop-Up Toy, page 206: To develop understanding of object permanence

Cause and Effect	DS11 Realize that a specific action (Ex: cry)	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page
(events and	is caused either through their own	118
outcomes are	body or their own actions	LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page
caused by	DS12 Recognize that people and specific	147
themselves, other	parts of objects can cause things to	147
people, or	happen	
things)	DS13 Use their own body to get what they want	LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build
	or need (Ex: hands for feeding or	Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17
	reaching out, voice for crying to get	LED Vol 2: Here I Come! Learning Spaces for
	attention)	Young Toddlers; page 22
	DS14 Watch people and see how they can	LED Vol 2: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive
	be used to get what they want	Skills; page 48
	DS15 Use objects as a way to get what they want	Dulling Strings page (1. To develop on eveneness
	Do 15 Ose objects as a way to get what they want	Pulling Strings, page 61: To develop an awareness of cause and effect
		of cause and effect
		Reverse Pull, page 64: To develop an awareness of
		cause and effect
		When the Wind Blows, page 74: To develop an
		understanding of cause and effect
		Baby Food Jar Lid Clicker, page 198: To explore
		cause and effect
		Boom, Boom, Down, page 198: To develop
		understanding of cause and effect
		Disposable Blocks, page 201: To explore cause and
		effect
		Paper Rain, page 205: To explore cause and effect
		Pop-Up Toy, page 206: To explore cause and effect

Attention and Persistence (attends to tasks and persists with activities that interest them)	DS16 Notice and pay attention to objects and people of interest DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page118LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page147LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds BuildCognitive Skills through Play; page 17LED Vol 2: Here I Come! Learning Spaces forYoung Toddlers; page 22LED Vol 2: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive
		 Behind the Flap, page 53: To develop visual discrimination Finger and Toe Copy Game, page 55: To develop an awareness of patterns Here Are My Hands, page 57: To develop an awareness of hand-washing routines Here comes the Ball, page 58: To develop eye-hand
		 coordination Jar Lid Puzzles, page 58: To develop and awareness of positive and negative space Puppy Sounds, page 62: To develop an awareness of emotions Someone Special, page 67: To develop listening skills Touch the Animals, page70: To develop an

	awareness of animals
Curiosity and Problem Solving (ability to use experiences to make meaningful connections) DS18 Explore objects to see how they work, using trial and error to meet challenges DS19 Make connections with people and use what they know from other situations to solve a problem DS20 Try a variety of approaches in problem solving using own body and objects	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147 LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17 LED Vol 2: Here I Come! Learning Spaces for Young Toddlers; page 22 LED Vol 2: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills; page 48 Behind the Flap, page 53: To develop problem- solving skills Pulling Strings, page 61: To develop problem- solving skills Puzzles Fun, page 63: To develop problem-solving skills Tubes Inside Tubes, page 72: To develop problem- solving skills What's in the Drawer? Page 73: To cultivate natural curiosity What's in the Box? Page 102: To encourage curiosity Sound Hide and Seek, page 179: To develop problem-solving skills Cereal Pour, page 199: To develop problem-solving

		 skills Cup Stacking, page 200: To develop problem- solving skills Fill and Spill bottles, page 202: To develop problem-solving skills Poking Things in Holes, page205: To develop problem-solving skills Toothbrush Holders, page 211: To develop problem-solving skills
Play (engage with real objects in imaginative ways)	DS21 Play with hands, feet and objects in their immediate wor1d DS22 Imitate and practice what happens in their life as they watch people and events DS23 Use props and people as they engage in make believe play and act out simple themes	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page118LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page147LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds BuildCognitive Skills through Play; page 17LED Vol 2: Here I Come! Learning Spaces forYoung Toddlers; page 22LED Vol 2: Brain Builders-Developing CognitiveSkills; page 48Learning with Play, page 59: To participate in earlysocial and emotional experiencesPeek-a-boo Card, page 60: To develop awarenessof the concepts of part and wholeThe Singsong Game, page99: To develop languageskillsCaps for Sale; page 113: To encourage dramaticplay

Box Car Painting, page 199: To encourage
dramatic play
Animal Slippers, page 213: To encourage dramatic
play
Bath Time for Dolly, page 227: To engage in
dramatic play
Floating Islands, page 229: To engage in dramatic
play

DISCOVERIES OLDER TODDLER (24-36 MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Sensory Awareness (exploration of the physical world and the properties of	 DS1 Use vision to respond to light and focus on details such as faces, movement, and color DS2 Use taste and smell to learn about foods, people, andobjects DS3 Explore people and objects through 	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Approaches to Learning; page 118 <i>LED Foundations:</i> Cognitive Development; page 147
things)	DS3 Explore people and objects through touch DS4 Use hearing to gaininformation about people, places, language, and things DS5 Use all senses to learn about cultures and ways of doing things.	LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17 LED Vol 2: See Me Explore! Learning Spaces for Older Toddlers and Twos; page 33

		LED Vol 2 : Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills; page 48
		 Bath Time for Dolly, page 227: To explore sensory experiences Sensory Books, page 237: To explore textures using the sense of touch Smells, page 240: To develop an awareness of the sense of smell Green Fun, page 310: To explore color mixing Milk Comes from Cows, page 326: To taste foods made from milk Popcorn Jump, page 333: To develop listening skills Animal Hunt, page 385: To develop sensory awareness Smells, page 240: To develop an awareness of the sense of smell
Spatial Awareness (sense of space and how things fit as people and objects move)	DS6 Discover how their own bodies fit into spaces DS7 Explore how objects can fit into a variety of spaces as they build, stack, fill, and dump	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147 LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build
		Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17

		LED Vol 2 : See Me Explore! Learning Spaces for Older Toddlers and Twos; page 33 LED Vol 2 : Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills; page 48
		Color Watch, page 303: To begin to learn the meaning of the words <i>under</i> , <i>around</i> , and <i>on</i> Building with Color, page 305: To explore stacking and fitting one item inside another
		Animal Tails, page 320: To begin understanding the concepts of <i>short</i> and <i>long</i> Animal Dance, page 346: To begin to recognize
		shapes Hoop Shapes Game, page 348: To begin to identify shapes
		Name that Shape, page 349: to begin to distinguish among shapes
		Gone Fishing, page 355: To begin to recognize shapes
		In the Kitchen, page 356: To begin to identify shapes
Memory (develops an understanding that people,	DS8 Focus on people in their immediate world and when they disappear, they no longerexist for the infant	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Approaches to Learning; page 118 <i>LED Foundations:</i> Cognitive Development; page 147
objects, and events continue	DS9 Focus on objects in their immediate world and when they disappear, they no longer	

to exist when they cannot be seen, object permanence)	exist for the infant DS10 Realize that people and objects that have disappeared still remain in the infant's memory	LED Vol 2 : Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17
		LED Vol 2 : See Me Explore! Learning Spaces for Older Toddlers and Twos; page 33 LED Vol 2 : Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills; page 48
		 Color Pops, page 301: To recognize different colors Color Walk, page 308: To begin learning color recognition Junk Flowers, page311: To begin to recognize different colors Milk Comes from Cows, page 326: To identify foods make from milk Five Little Kites, page 331: To begin learning to count from 1 to 5 Beanbag Toss, page 335: To begin to recognize the numbers 1-5
		Fun with Drums, page 354: To begin to identify shapes
Cause and Effect (events and outcomes are caused by themselves,	 DS11Realize that a specific action (Ex: cry) is caused either through their own body or their own actions DS12 Recognize that people and specific parts of objects can cause things to happen 	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Approaches to Learning; page 118 <i>LED Foundations:</i> Cognitive Development; page 147

other people, or things)	DS13 Use their own body to get what they want or need (Ex: hands for feeding or reaching out, voice for crying to get attention)DS14 Watch people and see howthey can be used to get what they wantDS15 Use objects as a way to get what they 	LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17 LED Vol 2: See Me Explore! Learning Spaces for Older Toddlers and Twos; page 33 LED Vol 2: Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills; page 48
Attention	DS16 Notice and pay attention to objects and	 Green Fun, page 310: To explore color mixing Shape Float, page 359: To begin to understand that concepts of sink and float Charting Plant Growth, page 367: To observe plant growth Compost Pile Experiment, page 369: To learn what kinds of things go into a compost pile Recycle and Save the Earth, page 373: To learn about recycling Trash to Treasure, page 375: To explore using recyclable materials to create
Attention and Persistence (attends to tasks and persists with	DS16 Notice and pay attention to objects and people of interest DS17 Choose to stay with an activity that interests them	 LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147

activities that		LED Vol 2: Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build
interest them)		Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17
		LED Vol 2: See Me Explore! Learning Spaces for
		Older Toddlers and Twos; page 33
		LED Vol 2 : Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive
		Skills; page 48
		Skuis, puge 40
		Color Search, page 302: To match the color of a
		paper to an object
		Building with Color, page 305: To explore stacking
		and fitting one item inside another
		Color Picnic, page 307: To explore the presence of
		color in nature
		Colorful Cows, page 317: To begin to identify
		colors
		Follow that Animal, page 323: To observe and
		mimic movements
		Clapping Game, page 330: To begin understanding
		one-to-one correspondence
		Mystery Box, page 341: To develop language to
		describe the shapes of the numbers
		Sock Sort, page 344: To develop pattern recognition
Curiosity and	DS18 Explore objects to see how they work,	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page
Problem	using trial and error to meet challenges	
Solving	DS19 Make connections with people and uses	LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page
(ability to use	what they know from other situations to	147
experiences to	solve a problem	

make meaningful connections)	DS20 Try a variety of approaches in problem solving using own body and objects	LED Vol 2 : Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17
		LED Vol 2 : See Me Explore! Learning Spaces for Older Toddlers and Twos; page 33 LED Vol 2 : Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive Skills; page 48
		 Color Game, page 300: To experience social interactions Building with Color, page 305: To explore stacking and fitting one item inside another
		Color Picnic, page 307: To explore the presence of color in natureGreen Fun, page 310: To explore color mixingMy favorite Color Collage, page 313: To explore
		materials in a single color Animal Towers, page 389: To begin to develop problem-solving skills
Play (engage with real objects in imaginative ways)	 DS21 Play with hands, feet and objects in their immediate world DS22 Imitate and practice what happens in their life as they watch people and events 	LED Foundations: Approaches to Learning; page 118 LED Foundations: Cognitive Development; page 147
	DS23 Use props and people as they engage in make believe play and act out simple themes	LED Vol 2 : Toddlers and Two-Year-Olds Build Cognitive Skills through Play; page 17
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	LED Vol 2: See Me Explore! Learning Spaces for
	Older Toddlers and Twos; page 33
	LED Vol 2 : Brain Builders-Developing Cognitive
	Skills; page 48
	Color Game, page 300: To experience social
	interactions
	Fishing for Colors, page 309: To develop fine and
	gross motor skills
	Farm Animal Parade, page 318: To learn about the
	sounds and movements of various animals
	Follow that Animal, page 323: To observe and
	mimic movements
	Mother-Baby Match, page 327: To practice
	matching mother animals to their babies
	Five Little Kites, page 331: To learn numbers
	through fingerplay
	Beanbag Toss, page 335: To develop gross motor
	skills
	Buried Treasure, page 336: To use sensory clues to
	identify shapes
	Let's Hit the Bull's Eye, page 340: To develop
	gross motor skills
	Purse Full of Number Fun, page 343: To develop
	social skills
	My Tail, page 392: To engage in dramatic play

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PHYSICAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENT YOUNG INFANTS (0-6MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Sensory (five senses used to explore and	PD1 Experience different sensory activities (touch, smell, see, hear, taste, etc.) PD2 Organize and discriminate sensory experiences	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Health and Physical Development; page 161
learn about the environment)	PD3 Engage in sensory activities and play	LED Vol 1: <i>I Am My World-Enhancing Sensory</i> <i>Development; page 197</i>
		Air Stream, page 204: To experience the feel of moving air
		Baby Lotion Hand Massage, page204: To increase awareness of the sense of touch
		Baby Mirror, page 205: To build visual tracking skills
		Bouncy Bounce, page 205: To build sensory awareness
		Chimes, page 206: To differentiate between sounds Crunch It! Page 206: To build listening skills
		Crunch It! Page 206: To use auditory discrimination to distinguish between different sounds
		Dancing Lights, page 207: To recognize and track visual patterns
		Floating Bubbles, page 207: To track movements

Fine Motor (development of strength and coordination of muscles in hands and fingers to explore and manipulate objects in the environment)	 PD4 Develop strength, small motor control, and coordination through daily activities PDS Touch, grasp, reach and explore people and objects PD6 Develop and use eye-hand coordination to perform a variety of tasks PD7 Use and manipulate objects purposefully PD8 Use two hands in a coordinated, purposeful fashion 	 visually Floating Bubbles, page 207: To track movements visually A Touching Game, page209: To build tactile awareness skills Water Play, page210: To build tactile skills <i>LED Foundations:</i> Health and Physical Development; page 161 LED Vol 1: On the Move-Gross and Fine Motor Skills; page 131 Eye Follow-Ups, page147: To practice eye-hand coordination Funny Booties, page 149: To grasp or reach for objects of interest; To experiment with hands and feet Napkin Tent, page 150: To encourage reflexive grasping Satin Streamers, page152: To practice grasping and object when it is placed in the hand
Gross Motor (development of large muscle strength, control, coordination, and balance to move	 PD9 Move freely as they begin to control their own bodies starting with the head and back and progressing to the arms and legs PD10 Increase the strength, balance, and coordination of their bodies PD11Ability to coordinate their bodies 	LED Foundations: Health and Physical Development; page 161 LED Vol 1: On the Move-Gross and Fine Motor Skills; page 131

in and interact with the environment)	to perform increasingly complex movements PD12 Interact with people and environment through movement and body awareness	 Bouncing Ball, page 146: To begin to develop gross motor skills Dangling Beach Toy, page 146: To use large muscles to explore cause and effect Find the Toy, page 148: To practice gross motor skills that involve turning and reaching Fun Things to Kick, page 149: To practice kicking and move leg muscles Fun Things to Kick, page 149: To practice kicking and move leg muscles Fun Things to Kick, page 149: To practice kicking and move leg muscles Fun Things to Kick, page 149: To practice kicking and move leg muscles
Health Awareness and	PD13 Learn about and respect theirbodies PD14 Engage in daily physical activity, both	LED Foundations: Health and Physical Development; page 161
Practice (experiencing and	indoors and outdoors PD15 Experience and learn about hygiene	
learning about	routines	LED Vol 1: On the Move-Gross and Fine Motor
healthy habits:	PD16 Experience and learn about healthy	Skills; page 131
personal care, hygiene,	lifestyle practices PD17 Learn about and demonstrate safe	
nutrition,	behaviors and accident prevention	
physical activity,	-	The Playing Come page 66. To develop the
and safety)		The Blowing Game, page 66: To develop the baby's awareness of his body parts
		Communicating with the Baby, page 89: To build a
		sense of security that physical needs will be met by a
		caring adult
		Coo and Squeal, page 89: To develop self-

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expression through a gurgle, coo, or squeal
Talking Together, page 93: To feel safe and secure
as a result of having emotional needs met
Dangling Beach Toy, page 146: To practice
reciprocity in a social context
Prone Play, page 151: To tolerate being prone
Baby Lotion Hand Massage, page204: To increase
awareness of the sense of touch
Baby Faces Book, page 243: To develop recognition
of body parts
Nurturing Rituals, page 246: To help the child feel
secure
Rock the Baby, page 246: To simulate the vestibular
system
Watch the Light Show! Page 247: To nurture a
sense of security and bonding

PHYSICAL DEVLEOPMENT AND HEALTH OLDER INFANTS (6-12 MONTHS)		
SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos
	child is given an opportunity to:	Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Sensory	PD1 Experience different sensory activities	LED Foundations: Health and Physical
(five senses used to	(touch, smell, see, hear, taste, etc.)	Development; page 161
	PD2 Organize and discriminate sensory	

explore and learn	experiences	
about the	PD3Engage in sensory activities	
environment)	and play	LED Vol 1: <i>I Am My World-Enhancing Sensory</i>
		Development; page 197
		Bell Collection, page 211: To experiment making a
		variety of sounds
		Goo Bag, page 212: To experience various textures
		Sensory Tub, page 213: To explore and experience
		messy play materials
		Squeak Toys, page 214: To experience different
		sounds
		Texture Nest, page 216: To explore textures with
		the whole body
		Texture Trail, page 216: To explore different,
		interesting textures
		Texture Nest, page 216: To explore textures with
		the whole body
		Texture Trail, page 216: To explore different,
		interesting textures
		Texture Nest, page 216: To explore textures with
		the whole body
		Texture Trail, page 216: To explore different,
		interesting textures
		Texture Nest, page 216: To explore textures with
		the whole body
		Texture Trail, page 216: To explore different,
		interesting textures
Fine Motor	PD4 Develop strength, small motor control,	and LED Foundations: Health and Physical

(development of	coordination through daily activities.	Development; page 161
strength and	PDS Touch, grasp, reach and explore people and	
coordination of	objects.	
muscles in hands	PD6 Develop and use eye-hand coordination	LED Vol 1: On the Move-Gross and Fine Motor
and fingers to	to perform a	Skills; page 131
explore and	variety of tasks	
manipulate objects	PD7 Use and manipulate objects purposefully	
inthe environment)	PD& Use two hands in a coordinated,	Explore Some More, page 153: To build motor skills
	purposeful fashion	
		In and Out, page 154: To introduce the concepts of
		in and out; to practice grasping objects and moving
		them
		Magic Surprise, page 155: To practice grasping
		Nooks and Crannies, page 155: To practice fine
		motor skills
		Rattle Me! Page 156: To practice grasping objects
		A Round of Applause! Page 159: To practice
		making hands meet at midline
Gross Motor	PD9 Move freely as they begin to control	LED Foundations: Health and Physical
(development of	their own bodies starting with the head	Development; page 161
large muscle	and back and progressing to the arms	
strength, control,	and legs	
coordination, and	PD10 Increase the strength, balance, and	LED Vol 1: On the Move-Gross and Fine Motor
balance to move	coordination of their bodies	Skills; page 131
in and interact with	PD11Ability to coordinate their bodies to	
the environment)	perform increasingly complex	
	movements	Bouncing Baby, page 153: To practice bearing
	PD12 Interact with people and	weight
	environment through movement and	Let's Make that Move, page 154: To entice the
	body awareness	child to move from one place to another
		Nooks and Crannies, page 155: To practice gross
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		motor skills
		Rattle Me! Page 156: To practice grasping objects
		Balls, Balls, Balls! Page159: To develop gross
		motor skills
Health	PD13 Learn about and respect theirbodies	LED Foundations: Health and Physical
Awareness and	PD14 Engage in daily physical activity,	Development; page 161
Practice	both indoors and outdoors	
(experiencing and	PD15 Experience and learn about hygiene	
learning about	routines	LED Vol 1: On the Move-Gross and Fine Motor
healthyhabits:	PD16 Experience and learn about healthy	Skills; page 131
personal care,	lifestyle practices	
hygiene, nutrition,	PD17 Learn about and demonstrate safe	
physical activity,	behaviors and accident prevention	The Body Chant, page 95: To begin to identify
and safety)		body parts
		Where Is It? Page 99: To begin to recognize body
		parts
		Pointing, page 103: To develop body part
		recognition
		My Time, page 250: To build self-esteem and a
		sense of security
		Social Rituals, page 251: To understand how to
		initiate positive interactions with others
		Can You Copy Me? Page 252: To imitate the
		actions of others

PHYSICAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENT YOUNG TODDLERS (12-24 MONTHS)

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SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Sensory (five senses	PD1 Experience different sensory activities (touch, smell, see, hear, taste, etc.)	<i>LED Foundations: Health and Physical</i> <i>Development; page 161</i>
used to explore and learn about	PD2 Organize and discriminatesensory experiences	
the		LED Vol 2: Exploring My Wonderful World-
environment)	PD3 Engage in sensory activities and play	Learning through the Senses; page 223
		 Behind the Flap, page 53: To develop visual discrimination Food Shapes, page 56: To develop visual discrimination Puppy Sounds, page 62: To develop auditory awareness Someone Special, page 67: To develop listening skills What's in the Drawer? Page 73: To explore using the senses Changing Sounds, page 83: To develop auditory
		discrimination skills Brightest Chalk Scribbles, page 133: To explore using different media
		Clay Tray, page 135: To explore clay or playdough
		Painting Goes Wild! Page 148: To experiment with
		a variety of art utensils

		 Paper Quilt Painting, page 149: To experiment with a variety of textures Cotton Balls in a Bag, page 228: To explore textures Mini-Maracas, page 232: To develop auditory discrimination skills Object Washing, page 235: To explore sensory materials
Fine Motor (development of strength and coordination of muscles in hands and fingers to explore and manipulate objects in the environment)	 PD4 Develop strength, small motor control, and coordination through daily activities PDS Touch, grasp, reach, and explore people and objects PD6 Develop and use eye-hand coordination to perform a variety of tasks PD7 Use and manipulate objects purposefully PD8 Use two hands in a coordinated, purposeful fashion 	 LED Foundations: Health and Physical Development; page 161 LED Vol 2: Moving Along- Building Gross and Fine Motor Skills; page 193 Baby Food Jar Lid Clicker, page 198: To develop eye-hand coordination Cereal Pour, page 199: To develop eye-hand coordination Eyedropper Play, page 201: To develop pincer movements Eyedropper Play, page 201: To develop pincer movements One-Piece Puzzles, page 204: To develop eye-hand coordination Scoop Out the Ice Cubes, page 208: To develop eye-hand coordination: To develop pincer movements Squeezing Sponges, page 208: To develop hand muscles Scoop Out the Ice Cubes, page 208: To develop

		 eye-hand coordination Scoop Out the Ice Cubes, page 208: To develop pincer movements Scoop Out the Ice Cubes, page 208: To develop eye-hand coordination
		Scoop Out the Ice Cubes, page 208: To develop
		pincer movements
Gross Motor	PD9 Move freely as they begin to control	LED Foundations: Health and Physical
(development of large muscle strength, control,	their own bodies starting with the head and back and progressing to the arms and legs	Development; page 161
coordination, and	PD10 Increase the strength, balance, and	LED Vol 2: Moving Along- Building Gross and Fine
balance to move	coordination of their bodies	Motor Skills; page 193
in and interact	PD11 Ability to coordinate theirbodies to	
with the environment)	perform	Animal Slippers, page 213: To develop balance
	increasingly complex movementsPD12Interact with people and	Ball Bop, page 214: To develop balance
	environment through movement and body awareness	Beanbag Fun, page 214: To develop throwing and catching skills
		Beanbag Fun, page 214: To develop throwing and
		catching skills
		Hopscotch, page 219: To develop eye-foot
		coordination
		On the Road Again, page 220: To develop a sense
		of balance
		Riding Toy Road, page 220: To develop muscle
		strength and coordination
		Stuff for Throwing Collection, page 221: To
		practice throwing and catching
		Walking the Shapes, page 221: To develop balance

		and coordination
Health Awareness and Practice {experiencing	PD13 Learn about and respect their bodies	LED Foundations: Health and Physical Development; page 161 LED Vol 2: Moving Along- Building Gross and Fine
and learning about healthy habits:	PD14 Engage in daily physical activity, both indoors and outdoors PD15 Experience and learn about hygiene	Motor Skills; page 193
personal care, hygiene, nutrition, physical activity, and safety)	PD15 Experience and learn about hygiene routines PD16 Experience and learn about healthy lifestylepractices PD17 Learn about and demonstrate safe behaviors and accident prevention	Cereal Pour, page 199: To develop eye-hand coordination I Can Do It Myself, page 203: To develop self-he skills Stuff for Throwing Collection, page 221: To develop the hand motions of grasping and releasin Walking the Shapes, page 221: To develop balan and coordination Bath Time for Dolly, page 227: To explore senso experiences Grasshoppers, page 261: To develop gross motor skills

PHYSICAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENT OLDER TODDLERS (24-36 MONTHS)

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SUB-DOMAIN	To support ongoing learning and development the child is given an opportunity to:	Learn Every Day: Infants, Toddlers, and Twos Supportive resources, activities and learning objectives
Sensory (five senses used to explore and earn about the environment)	 PD1 Experience different sensory activities (touch, smell, see, hear, taste, etc.) PD2 Organize and discriminate sensory experiences PD3 Engage in sensory activities and play 	LED Foundations: Health and Physical Development; page 161LED Vol 2: Moving Along- Building Gross and Fine Motor Skills; page 193Good Morning! Hello! Page 319: To develop listening skillsBarnyard Buddies, page 321: To develop listening skillsFarm Animal Photograph Match, page 321: To develop visual skillsFollow that Animal, page 323: To practice gross motor skillsMaking a Cowbell, page 325: To develop fine motor skillsWhere Do Cows Live? Page 328: To develop fine motor skills
Fine Motor (development of strength and coordination of muscles in hands	 PD4 Develop strength, small motor control, and coordination through daily activities PD5 Touch, grasp, reach, and explore people and objects PD6 Develop and use eye-hand coordination 	<i>LED Foundations:</i> Health and Physical Development; page 161

and fingers to	to perform a variety of tasks	LED Vol 2: Moving Along- Building Gross and Fine
explore and	PD7 Use and manipulate objects purposefully	Motor Skills; page 193
manipulate	PD8 Use two hands in a coordinated, purposeful	motor skins, page 175
objects in the		
environment)	fashion	Building with Color, page 305: To develop fine
		motor skills
		Building with Color, page 305: To develop fine motor skills
		Fishing for Colors, page 309: To develop fine and gross motor skills
		Green Fun, page 310: To develop fine motor skills Animal Scenes, page 316: To develop fine motor skills
		Farm Scene, page 322: To develop fine motor skills
		Making a Cowbell, page 325: To develop fine motor
		skills
Gross Motor	PD9 Move freely as they begin to control	LED Foundations: Health and Physical
(development of	their own bodies starting with the head	Development; page 161
large muscle	and back and progressing to the arms	
strength, control,	and leas	
coordination, and	PD10 Increase the strength,	LED Vol 2: Moving Along- Building Gross and Fine
balance to move	balance, and coordination of their bodies	Motor Skills; page 193
in and interact		
with the	PD11 Ability to coordinate theirbodies to	
environment)	perform	
	increasingly complex movements	Fishing for Colors, page 309: To develop fine and
	PD12 Interact with people and environment	
	through movement and body	gross motor skills

	awareness	
		Follow that Animal, page 323: To practice gross motor skills
		Popcorn Jump, page 333: To develop gross motor skills
		Beanbag Toss, page 335: To develop gross motor skills
		Leap Frog, page 339: To develop gross motor skills
		Number Car Parade, page 342: To develop gross motor skills
		Hoop Shapes Game, page 348: to practice gross motor skills
Health Awareness	PD13 Learn about and respect their bodies	LED Foundations: Health and Physical
and Practice	PD14 Engage in daily physical activity, both	Development; page 161
(experiencing and	indoors and outdoors	
learning about healthy habits:	PD15 Experience and learn about hygiene	LED Vol 2. Moving Along Building Cross and Fing
personal care,	routines PD16 Experience and learn about healthy	LED Vol 2 : Moving Along- Building Gross and Fine Motor Skills; page 193
hygiene, nutrition,	lifestyle practices	Motor Skills; page 195
physical activity,	PD17 Learn about and	
and safety)	demonstrate safe behaviors and accident prevention	Farm Animal Parade, page 318: To develop gross motor skills
		Follow that Animal, page 323: To observe and
		Milk Comes from Cows, page 326: To identify
		foods make from milk
		mimic movements
		In the Kitchen, page 356: To engage in dramatic
		play